## Baseline Water Consumption Worksheet

## If you have your utility bill or regular water meter readings for your facility

1. Gather the bills or meter readings for a 12 -month period (or as close as possible).
2. Calculate the average gallons consumed in one day:

- You will probably have to convert your measurements from cubic feet (what most water meters and bills are measured in) to gallons. $1 \mathrm{ft}^{3}=7.48 \mathrm{gal}$.
- In some cases, water consumption may be very low on days when no one is in the facility (i.e. weekends and holidays). If this is the case at your facility, consider calculating average consumption per workday.
Keep in mind that in some situations HVAC systems and other machinery (like water-cooled refrigerators, vending machines, and icemakers) may consume water regardless of occupancy. Find out if these machines are or are not turned off on weekends and holidays and consider this information in your calculations.
- Consider calculating average consumption per shift, or another increment that may be more useful in determining your maximum times and areas of water consumption.

3. Create a spreadsheet to display and analyze your data. The Baseline Spreadsheet Template is available as an aid.
4. Also, consider calculating the estimated water consumption based on the guidelines below, to compare your actual water consumption to the estimated guidelines for a similar facility.

## If you do not have accurate water meter readings

Consider the following estimated consumption guidelines to calculate your approximate water consumption per day of operation.

Note: If you must use this table, you will have only an estimated water consumption value for your baseline on the plan template. Without actual bills or water meter readings, calculating the actual average consumption is impossible.

## Facility Estimation Guidelines

| Facility Type | Gallons per Day |
| :--- | :--- |
| Auditorium | 5 g per seat |
| Camp - construction camp | 60 g per person |
| Camp - summer camp | 55 g per person |
| Campground (no water or sewer hookups) | 100 g per campsite |
| Campground (with hookups) | 120 g per campsite |
| Day Care | 15 g per person |
| Factory (not including industrial waste) | 25 g per person per shift |
| Hospital | 300 g per bed |
| Institution (with residents) | 100 g per person |
| Laundry | $400-500 \mathrm{~g}$ per standard-size machine |
| Marina (no bathhouse) | 10 g per boat slip |
| Marina (with bathhouse) | 30 g per boat slip |
| Motor pool | 300 g per car washed |
| Office buildings (without cafeteria) | 25 g per employee |
| Restaurant - 24 hour | 50 g per seat |
| Restaurant - standard (or cafeteria) | 35 g per seat or 15 g per $15 \mathrm{ft}^{2}$ |


| Restaurant -food stand | 50 g per $100 \mathrm{ft}^{2}$ of total floor space |
| :--- | :--- |
| School -boarding school | 60 g per student |
| School -day school (no cafeteria or showers) | 10 g per student |
| School -day school (with cafeteria) | 12 g per student |
| School -day school (with cafeteria, showers, gym) | 15 g per student |
| Service station | 1000 g for first bay or pump island <br> 500 g per additional bay/pump island |
| Stadium | 5 g per seat |
| Swimming pool | 10 g per swimmer |
| Swimming pool (with hot water shower) | 13 g per swimmer |

Data compiled from:
NC Divison of Water Quality's regulations on Wastewater Not Discharged to Surface Waters, pages 37-39. (http://h2o.enr.state.nc.us/admin/rules/2H.0200.pdf)
Residential Water Use Research Project of the Johns Hopkins University and the Office of Technical Studies of the Architectural Standards Division of the Federal Housing Administration, 1963. Found on page 79 of Water Supply and Pollution Control, $6^{\text {th }}$ Edition, W. Viessman, 1998.
The Community Water Systems Source Book, $5^{\text {th }}$ Edition. Table 1.

Toilet Estimation Guidelines

| When Manufactured | Gravity Tank Type | Flush Valve Type |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Before 1977 | $5.0-7.0 \mathrm{gpf}$ | $4.5-5.0 \mathrm{gpf}$ |
| 1977 to mid 1990's | 3.5 gpf (some 5.0 gpf ) | 3.5 gpf |
| After mid 1990's | 1.6 gpf maximum | 1.6 gpf maxiumum |

*gpf = gallons per flush
Water Efficiency Manual for Commercial, Industrial, and Institutional Facilities. "Water Management Options: Sanitary and Domestic." P.31.

